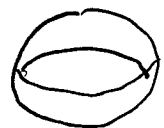


# Notes Ch 3.6 Implicit Differentiation and Related Rates

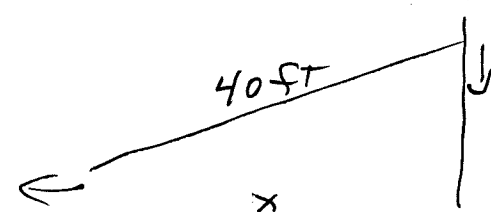
## (Problems on Notes)

3.  $\frac{dV}{dt} = 72\pi \frac{\text{ft}^3}{5}$    $V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$

$d = 6\text{ft}$  so  $r = 3\text{ft}$  find  $\frac{dr}{dt}$

$V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$  so  $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{4\pi r^2}{3} \frac{dr}{dt}$

so  $\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{(\frac{dV}{dt})}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{72\pi \frac{\text{ft}^3}{5}}{4\pi (3\text{ft})^2} = \frac{72\pi \frac{\text{ft}^3}{5}}{36\pi \text{ft}^2} = \boxed{\frac{2\text{ft}}{5}}$

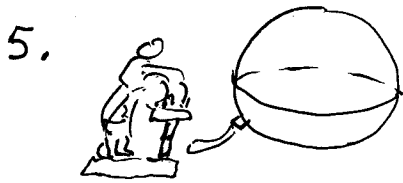
4.   $x^2 + y^2 = 1600 \text{ft}^2$   
 $24^2 + y^2 = 1600$   
 $y^2 = 1600 - 576 = 1024$   
 $y = 32 \text{ft}$   
 $\frac{dx}{dt} = ?$   $\frac{dy}{dt} = 9 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$  ;  $x = 24 \text{ft}$

$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$  so  $\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{-2y(\frac{dy}{dt})}{2x} = \frac{4 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}} (3 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}})}{24 \text{ft}} = -\frac{12 \text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$

$\frac{dx}{dt} = -12 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$

Note: means sliding to the left

3.6 Notes (cont.)



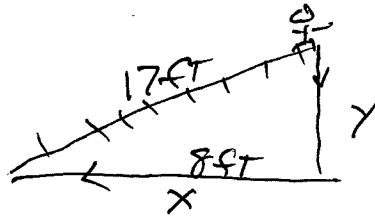
$$V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$$

when  $\frac{dV}{dt} = 5 \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{min}}$ ;  $\frac{dr}{dt} = ?$ ;  $d = 20 \text{ cm}$   
 $r = 10 \text{ cm}$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = (3) \frac{4\pi}{3} r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

so  $\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{(\frac{dV}{dt})}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{5 \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{min}}}{4\pi (10 \text{ cm})^2} = \frac{1}{80\pi} \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{min}} \approx 0.004 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{min}}$

6.



$$x^2 + y^2 = 17^2$$

$$8^2 + y^2 = 17^2$$

$$y^2 = 17^2 - 8^2$$

$$y^2 = 289 - 64 = 225$$

$$y = 15 \text{ ft}$$

when  $x = 8 \text{ ft}$ ;  $y = 15 \text{ ft}$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

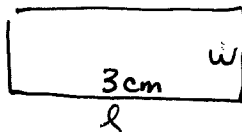
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ?$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{2x \frac{dx}{dt}}{2y} = -\frac{x}{y} \frac{dx}{dt} = -\frac{8 \text{ ft}}{15 \text{ ft}} \left( \frac{1}{4} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{2}{15} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}} \approx -0.13 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$$

Note: neg. sign means falling

7.



$$\frac{dw}{dt} = 4 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{sec}}$$

$$A = lw$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{2}{3} \frac{dl}{dt}$$

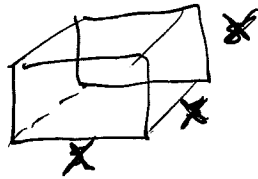
when  $l = 12 \text{ cm}$   $\rightarrow$  so  $\frac{4}{3} = \frac{2}{3} \frac{dl}{dt}$   
 $w = 8 \text{ cm}$  so  $\frac{dl}{dt} = 6$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = w \frac{dl}{dt} + l \frac{dw}{dt} = (8 \text{ cm}) \left( 6 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{sec}} \right) + (12 \text{ cm}) \left( 4 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{sec}} \right)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 48 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec} + 48 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec} = 96 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{sec}}$$

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Hmwk 3.6 #50

50. Volume of a Cube



$$V = x^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = ?$$

when  $x = 5 \text{ in}$  ;  $V = 125 \text{ in}^3$  ;  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0.1 \frac{\text{in}}{\text{sec}}$   
find  $\frac{dV}{dt}$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 3x^2 \frac{dx}{dt} = 3 \overset{25 \text{ in}^2}{(5 \text{ in})^2} \left( 0.1 \frac{\text{in}}{\text{sec}} \right) = \boxed{7.5 \frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{sec}}}$$