

6.3 Pg 442 (1, 7, 8, 9)

1. Riemann sum

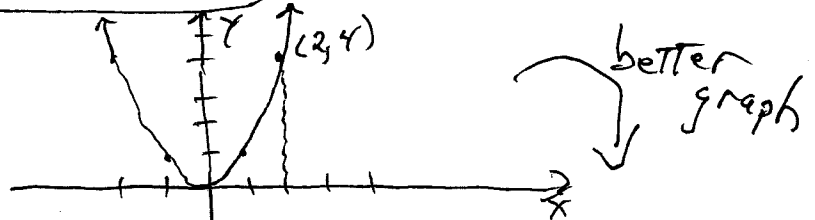
note: all $\frac{1}{3}$ wide with given lengths (heights)

$A = \sum w$
 $A_{\text{whole}} = w_1 l_1 + w_2 l_2 + w_3 l_3 \dots$
 $= w(l_1 + l_2 + l_3 \dots)$

$\frac{1}{3} (1.9 + 1.5 + 1.8 + 2.4 + 2.7 + 2.5)$

$\frac{1}{3} (12.8) = 4.2\bar{6}$ sq. units

7. $f(x) = x^2$



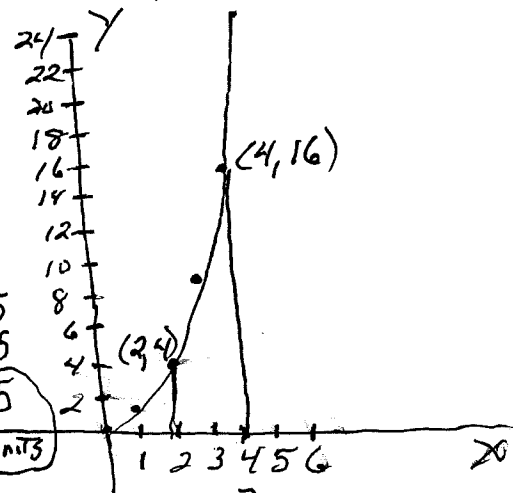
a. for $n=2$; width $\Delta x = 1$

$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{4-2}{2} = 1$

midpts between 2 & 3; 3 & 4 are 2.5; 3.5

The Riemann Sum is $1(2.5^2 + 3.5^2) = 6.25 + 12.25 = 18.5$ sq. units

$f(x_1) = x_1^2$
 $f(x_2) = x_2^2$



b. $n=5$ so $\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{4-2}{5} = \frac{2}{5} = .4$ interval $[a, b]$

midpoint of each subinterval between 2 & 2.4, 2.4 & 2.8, 2.8 & 3.2, etc

$x_1 = 2.2$ $x_2 = 2.6$ $x_3 = 3.0$ $x_4 = 3.4$ $x_5 = 3.8$

$A = .4(2.2^2 + 2.6^2 + 3.0^2 + 3.4^2 + 3.8^2)$ pattern

$n=5$ $= .4(4.84 + 6.76 + 9 + 11.56 + 14.44) = .4(46.60) = 18.64$ sq. units

c. $n=10$ so $\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{4-2}{10} = .2$ 2 & 2.2; 2.2 & 2.4; 2.4 & 2.6; 2.6 & 2.8; 2.8 & 3.0; 3.0 & 3.2; 3.2 & 3.4; 3.4 & 3.6; 3.6 & 3.8; 3.8 & 4.0

$A_{n=10} = .2(2.1^2 + 2.3^2 + 2.5^2 + 2.7^2 + 2.9^2 + 3.1^2 + 3.3^2 + 3.5^2 + 3.7^2 + 3.9^2)$
 $= .2(93.3) = 18.66$

d. $\int_a^b x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \Big|_2^4 = \frac{64}{3} - \frac{8}{3} = \frac{56}{3} = 18\frac{2}{3}$ I know the next section.

8, same as #7 only left endpoints of the subintervals

from #7 $n=2$
 $\Delta x = 1$ $x_1 = 2$; $x_2 = 3$
 widths same

$$A_{n=2} = 1(2^2 + 3^2) = 4 + 9 = 13$$

$n=5$ b. $\Delta x = \frac{2}{5} = .4$ $x_1 = 2$; $x_2 = 2.4$; $x_3 = 2.8$; $x_4 = 3.2$ $x_5 = 3.6$

$$A_{n=5} = .4(2^2 + 2.4^2 + 2.8^2 + 3.2^2 + 3.6^2) = 16.32$$

$n=10$ c. $\Delta x = \frac{2}{10} = .2$ $x_1 = 2$; $x_2 = 2.2$; etc $x_{10} = 3.8$

$$A_{n=10} = .2(2^2 + 2.2^2 + 2.4^2 + 2.6^2 + 2.8^2 + 3^2 + 3.2^2 + 3.4^2 + 3.6^2 + 3.8^2) = 17.48$$

d. seems to be approaching 17.5

Interval $[2, 4]$
 $f(x) = x^2$

9, same as #7 & #8 only right endpoints of the subintervals

Interval $[2, 4]$

$f(x) = x^2$

a. $n=2$ $\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{4-2}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$

$x_1 = 3$; $x_2 = 4$

$$A_{n=2} = 1(3^2 + 4^2) = 9 + 16 = 25 \text{ sq. units}$$

b. $n=5$ $\Delta x = \frac{2}{5} = .4$ so $x_1 = 2.4$; $x_2 = 2.8$; $x_3 = 3.2$

$x_4 = 3.6$; $x_5 = 4$

$$A_{n=5} = .4(2.4^2 + 2.8^2 + 3.2^2 + 3.6^2 + 4^2) = 21.12 \text{ sq. units}$$

c. $n=10$ $\Delta x = \frac{2}{10} = .2$; $x_1 = 2.2$; $x_2 = 2.4$; etc $x_{10} = 4$

$$A_{n=10} = .2(2.2^2 + 2.4^2 + 2.6^2 + 2.8^2 + 3^2 + 3.2^2 + 3.4^2 + 3.6^2 + 3.8^2 + 4^2) = 19.88 \text{ sq. units}$$

d. the area appears to be around 19.8 sq. units

My calculator says to average #8 & #9

$$\begin{array}{r} 17.5 \\ + 19.8 \\ \hline 37.3 \\ \hline 18.65 \end{array}$$

Note close

Correct answer 18.66