

2.6 Pg. 150 (11, 13, 239, 279, 296)

11. $f(x) = 2x + 7$

1) $f(x+h) = 2(x+h) + 7 = 2x + 7 + 2h$

2) $f(x+h) - f(x) = 2x + 7 + 2h - (2x + 7)$
 $= 2x + 7 + 2h - 2x - 7$
 $= 2h$

3) $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{2h}{h} = 2$

4) $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 2 = 2$

13. $f(x) = 3x^2$

1) $f(x+h) = 3(x+h)^2 = 3(x^2 + 2xh + h^2)$
 $= 3x^2 + 6xh + 3h^2$

2) $f(x+h) - f(x) = 3x^2 + 6xh + 3h^2 - 3x^2 = 3h^2 + 6xh$

3) $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{3h^2 + 6xh}{h} = 6x + 3h$

4) $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 6x + 3h = 6x$

239) $f(x) = 2x^2 + 1$
 $f'(x) = 4x$

279.) $y = f(x) = x^2 + x$

avg. rate of change of y with respect to x in the interval
 $x=2$ to $x=3$ $x=2$ to $x=2.5$ $x=2$ to $x=2.1$

The avg. rate of change

$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{[2(x+h)^2 + (x+h)] - (x^2 + x)}{h} = \frac{2x^2 + 4xh + 2h^2 + x + h - x^2 - x}{h}$
 $= \frac{2x^2 + 4xh + 2h^2 + h}{h}$
 $= (2x + h) + 2h$ so $2(2) + 1 = 5$, $2(2) + 0.5 = 4.5$, $2(2) + 0.1 = 4.1$

Note
Textbook
answers
are wrong

2.6 Pg 151 (29b.)

29. b. $s = f(t) = 2t^2 + 48t$

☞ The average rate of change

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} &= \frac{2(x+h)^2 + 48(x+h) - (2x^2 + 48x)}{h} \\ &= \frac{2(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) + 48x + 48h - 2x^2 - 48x}{h} \\ &= \frac{(2x^2 + 4xh + 2h^2 + 48h - 2x^2)}{h} \\ &= \frac{4xh + 2h^2 + 48h}{h} \\ &= 4x + 2h + 48\end{aligned}$$

so the instantaneous velocity of the car
when $t = 20$ so $h = 0$

$$= 4(20) + 48 = 128 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$$